Safety Data Sheet

RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
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1. Identification

Name on Label: Bulls Eye 123

Product Name: BEYE 2.5-GL 123

Revision Date: 11/5/2025

Product Identifier: 2025

Supercedes Date: 9/5/2024

Recommended Use: Bulls Eye Primer/Water-Based Acrylic

Supplier:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Manufacturer:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product

No symbol is required per 2024 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Signal Word
No Signal Word has been assigned.

Possible Hazards
11% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0-10	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	1.0-5.0	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	1.0-5.0	Not Available	Not Available
Dipropylene Glycol Dibenzoate	27138-31-4	0.5-1.5	Not Available	Not Available
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	9038-95-3	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H330

2,4,7,9 Tetramethyldecane-4,7-diol	17913-76-7	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

Actual concentrations of ingredients are withheld as trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS TESTED TO BE GREATER THAN 200 DEGREES F. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep from freezing.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	20 mppcf	N.E.
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	5.0	25 ppm	50 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Dipropylene Glycol Dibenzoate	27138-31-4	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	1.0	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	9038-95-3	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
2,4,7,9 Tetramethyldecane-4,7-diol	17913-76-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 (U.S.) and/or SOR/86-304 Part XII 12.13 and CSA Standard Z180.1 (Canada) requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin Protection: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	**Decomposition Temperature, °C**	N.D.
Color	White	**pH**	8.0 - 9.5
Odor	Solvent Like	**Kinematic Viscosity**	N.D.
Odor Threshold	N.E.	**Solubility in Water**	Miscible
Freezing Point / Melting Point, °C	N.D.	**Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water**	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C	100 - 537	**Vapor Pressure**	N.D.
Flammability	Does not Support Combustion	**Evaporation Rate**	Slower than Ether
Lower Explosion Limit, vol%	3.2	**Specific Gravity**	1.265
Upper Explosion Limit, vol%	15.3	**Vapor Density**	Heavier than Air
Flash Point, °C	94	**Particle Characteristics**	N.A.
Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	N.D.		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on

duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Inhalation, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>2000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	30
107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol	4700 mg/kg Rat	10600 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
27138-31-4	Dipropylene Glycol Dibenzoate	3914 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
9038-95-3	Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	5000 mg/kg Rat	14904 mg/kg Rabbit	.1 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	No	No	No

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

None Known

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health:	2*	**Flammability:**	1	**Physical Hazard:**	0	**Personal Protection:**	X

NFPA RATINGS

Health:	2	**Flammability:**	1	**Instability:**	0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 84 g/L

SDS REVISION DATE: 11/5/2025

REASON FOR REVISION:

Product Composition Changed
Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed
Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
01 - Identification
03 - Composition / Information on Ingredients
08 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
09 - Physical & Chemical Properties
11 - Toxicological Information
16 - Other Information
Substance Hazardous Flag Changed
Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.