1. Identification

Product Name: ZINSSR PT 6 PK CLEAR SHELLAC
Revision Date: 4/30/2015

Product Identifier: 308
Supercedes Date: New SDS

Product Use/Class: Sealer / Alcohol based

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes nose and throat irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product

Signal Word

Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS
Flammable Liquid, category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5 H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5 H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Organic Peroxide, categories C, D H242 Heating may cause a fire.
Aspiration Hazard, category 2 H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irritation, category 2B H320 Causes eye irritation.

GHS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P103 Read label before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P234 Keep only in original container.
3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Wt. % Range</th>
<th>GHS Symbols</th>
<th>GHS Statements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>50-75</td>
<td>GHS02</td>
<td>H225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>2.5-10</td>
<td>GHS02-GHS07</td>
<td>H225-336-319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Weight % Less Than</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV-TWA</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV- STEL</th>
<th>OSHA PEL-TWA</th>
<th>OSHA PEL-CEILING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>65.0</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator’s use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.
HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
<td>0.881</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freeze Point, °C</td>
<td>N.D.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>Slight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temp., °C</td>
<td>No Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Range, °C</td>
<td>165 - 999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>Does not Support Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Slower than Ether</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>Heavier than Air</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Physical State: Liquid
Odor Threshold: N.E.
pH: N.A.
Viscosity: N.D.
Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water: No Information
Explosive Limits, vol%: 4.0 - 20.0
Flash Point, °C: 13
Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information
Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120 °F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.
PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES
The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Vapor LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>N.I.</td>
<td>N.I.</td>
<td>124.7 mg/L Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>2-Propanol</td>
<td>4396 mg/kg Rat</td>
<td>12800 mg/kg Rabbit</td>
<td>N.I.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.
14. Transport Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Domestic (USDOT)</th>
<th>International (IMDG)</th>
<th>Air (IATA)</th>
<th>TDG (Canada)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN Number:</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
<td>1263</td>
<td>1263</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name:</td>
<td>Not Regulated</td>
<td>Paint</td>
<td>Paint</td>
<td>Not Regulated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Class:</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing Group:</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited Quantity:</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes, &gt;5L No</td>
<td>Yes, &gt;5L No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category
This product has been reviewed according to the EPA ‘Hazard Categories’ promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

- Fire Hazard
- Acute Health Hazard
- Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:
This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

Toxic Substances Control Act:
This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:
This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.
## 16. Other Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HMIS RATINGS</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health:</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Hazard:</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Protection:</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: | B2 D2B |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NFPA RATINGS</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health:</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instability:</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: | 632 |

| MSDS REVISION DATE: | 4/30/2015 |
| REASON FOR REVISION: | No Information |

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

- **H225**: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- **H319**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **H336**: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

- ![GHS02 Pictogram](image)
- ![GHS07 Pictogram](image)

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.