Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 1 / 7

Safety Data Sheet



* Trusted Quality Since 1921 * www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Name on Label: WATCO 6X946ML LACQUER CLEAR SATIN

WF

Product Name: WATCO 6X946ML LACQUER CLEAR SATIN Revision Date:

WF

Product Identifier: Y63241 Supercedes Date: 12/7/2016

Recommended Use: Topcoat/WATCO Lacquer

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Canada (ROCA)

200 Confederation Parkway

Concord, ON L4K 4T8

Canada

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

Manufacturer:

Rust-Oleum Canada (ROCA) 200 Confederation Parkway

Concord, ON L4K 4T8

Canada

12/20/2024

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product









Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

18% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

Flammable Liquid, category 1 H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, RTI H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B H340 May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350 May cause cancer.

STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Label Precautionary Statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

WATCO 6X946ML LACQUER CLEAR SATIN WF 6 pack

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 2 / 7

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 If exposed immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P321 Specific treatment (see notice on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Extinguish using suitable extinguishing media.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

GHS SDS Precautionary Statements

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, or pouring equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

SC009 Spontaneous combustion (fire) may result from oil soaked materials such as rags, steel wool,

paper, and clothing. Follow proper disposal instructions.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10-30	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
2-Propanol	67-63-0	7.0-13	GHS02-GHS07	H225-302-319-336
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	5.0-10	GHS01	H201
n-Butanol	71-36-3	5.0-10	GHS02-GHS05- GHS07	H226-302+H332-315-318-335-3 36
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	5.0-10	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5.0-10	GHS02-GHS06- GHS07-GHS08	H225-319-331-335-351
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	3.0-7.0	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
1-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl)Benzene	98-56-6	1.0-5.0	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332-335
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-5.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-332-351-373
Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-340-350-372

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 3 / 7

4. First-Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. Spontaneous combustion (fire) may result from oil soaked materials such as rags, steel wool, paper, and clothing. Place soaked materials in a sealed metal container filled with water to prevent this.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Containers can rupture and release highly toxic material if exposed to heat. Substance is non-combustible but reacts with many metals to form explosive hydrogen gas.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: Avoid runoff into sewers and waterways. Provide ventilation and approach spill from upwind using proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Absorb with non-combustible liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth (clay), acid binders, universal binders). To avoid spontaneous combustion, soak rags and other clean-up materials in a closed, water-filled metal container.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Rags, steel wool, or waste contaminated with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place contaminated materials in a sealed, water-filled metal container.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	25.0	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	15.0	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm	N.E.
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butanol	71-36-3	10.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	10.0	20 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
1-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl) Benzene	98-56-6	5.0	2.5 mg/m3	N.E.	2.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 4 / 7

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 (U.S.) and/or SOR/86-304 Part XII 12.13 and CSA Standard Z180.1 (Canada) requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	Decomposition Temperature, °C	N.D.
Color	Not Yet Specified	pH	N.A.
Odor	Solvent Like	Kinematic Viscosity	602.5 SUS @ 100F
Odor Threshold	Threshold N.E.	Solubility in Water	Slight
Freezing Point / Melting Point, °C	N.D.	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C	-18 - 537	Vapor Pressure	N.D.
Flammability	Supports Combustion	Evaporation Rate	Slower than Ether
Lower Explosive Limit, vol%	0.9	Specific Gravity	0.950
Upper Explosive Limit, vol%	12.0	Vapor Density	Heavier than Air
Flash Point, °C	12		
Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	N.D.	Particle Characteristics	N.A.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with metals. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc, and galvanized surfaces.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions. High surface area exposure to oxygen via soiled materials can result in polymerization and release of heat. Spontaneous combustion may occur when exposed to oxygen, excessive heat, sparks, or open flames.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions. May form peroxides of unknown stability. Stable, but polymerizes gradually on exposure to air.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Causes eye burns. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly. High vapor concentrations can irritate eyes, nose and respiratory passages.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Substance is corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. Severely irritating; may cause permanent skin damage.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 5 / 7

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). May cause genetic defects.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
67-63-0	2-Propanol	1870 mg/kg Rat	4059 mg/kg Rabbit	72.6 mg/L Rat
9004-70-0	Nitrocellulose	5000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
71-36-3	n-Butanol	700 mg/kg Rat	3402 mg/kg Rabbit	>17.76 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	25
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	2080 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
98-56-6	1-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl)Benzene	13000 mg/kg Rat	>3300 mg/kg Rabbit	33 mg/L
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
64742-82-1	Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	>5000 mg/kg Rat	3060 mg/kg Rat	N.E.

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Information

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. RCRA Hazardous Waste: This material, when discarded or disposed of, could be a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261) due to the characteristic of corrosivity (D002). Check state and local regulations for disposal requirements. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this SDS incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Immediately after use place rags, steel wool, or waste in a closed, water-filled metal container. Air oxidation of the product may cause it to spontaneously combust.

14. Transport Information

IIN North are	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 6 / 7

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids), Carcinogenicity, Acute Toxicity (any route of exposure), Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure), Germ cell mutagenicity

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 2-Propanol
 67-63-0

 n-Butanol
 71-36-3

 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone
 108-10-1

 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)
 1330-20-7

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 658 g/L
SDS REVISION DATE: 12/20/2024

REASON FOR REVISION: Revision Description Changed

Product Composition Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in

Section(s):

01 - Identification

02 - Hazard Identification

03 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

05 - Fire-Fighting Measures

08 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

09 - Physical & Chemical Properties11 - Toxicological Information

14 - Transport Information15 - Regulatory Information

16 - Other Information

Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Date Printed: 12/20/2024 Page 7 / 7

Rust-Oleum Canada believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Canada makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.