

# Safety Data Sheet



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## 1. Identification

<b>Product Name:</b>	BEYE 6X473ML 3LB CLEAR SHELLAC	<b>Revision Date:</b>	8/7/2024
<b>Product Identifier:</b>	Z00318	<b>Supersedes Date:</b>	1/31/2023
<b>Recommended Use:</b>	Topcoat/ Bullseye Clear Shellac		
<b>Supplier:</b>	Rust-Oleum Canada (ROCA) 200 Confederation Parkway Concord, ON L4K 4T8 Canada Phone: 1-800-387-3625	<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Rust-Oleum Canada (ROCA) 200 Confederation Parkway Concord, ON L4K 4T8 Canada Phone: 1-800-387-3625
<b>Preparer:</b>	Regulatory Department		
<b>Emergency Telephone:</b>	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

## 2. Hazards Identification

### Classification

#### Symbol(s) of Product



**Signal Word**  
Danger

### Possible Hazards

26% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

### GHS Hazard Statements

Flammable Liquid, category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### GHS Label Precautionary Statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P370+P378	In case of fire: Extinguish using suitable extinguishing media.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.
P502	Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

### GHS SDS Precautionary Statements

P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, or pouring equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

#### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Ethanol	64-17-5	50-75	GHS02	H225
Shellac	9000-59-3	25-50	Not Available	Not Available
2-Propanol	67-63-0	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-302-319-336

### 4. First-Aid Measures

**First Aid - Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**First Aid - Skin Contact:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**First Aid - Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**First Aid - Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

### 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. DO NOT apply to hot surfaces. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

**Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust):** Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled:** If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Evacuate the area, remove all sources of ignition and ventilate well. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 7. Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Ground and bond containers when transferring material from one vessel to another. Vapor can be ignited by static discharge. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**Storage:** Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

**Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust:** Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions such as grounding and bonding or inert atmospheres. For safe handling, refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Ethanol	64-17-5	65.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Shellac	9000-59-3	30.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	5.0	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm	N.E.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

**Respiratory Protection:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Skin Protection:** Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

**Eye Protection:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**Other Protective Equipment:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

**Hygienic Practices:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

**Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust:** No Information

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance:</b>	Liquid	<b>Physical State:</b>	Liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	Solvent Like	<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	N.E.
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	0.881	<b>pH:</b>	N.A.
<b>Freeze Point, °C:</b>	N.D.	<b>Viscosity:</b>	N.D.
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Slight	<b>Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:</b>	N.D.
<b>Decomposition Temp., °C:</b>	N.D.	<b>Explosive Limits, vol%:</b>	3.3 - 19.0
<b>Boiling Range, °C:</b>	80 - 537	<b>Flash Point, °C:</b>	16
<b>Flammability:</b>	Supports Combustion	<b>Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:</b>	N.D.
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Slower than Ether	<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	N.D.
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

**Incompatibility:** Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

**Hazardous Decomposition:** By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur under normal conditions.

**Stability:** This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## 11. Toxicological Information

**Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact:** Causes eye irritation. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

**Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

**Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

**Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

**Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards:** High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:** Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact

### ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
64-17-5	Ethanol	7060 mg/kg Rat	15,800 mg/kg Rabbit	30,000 mg/L Rat
67-63-0	2-Propanol	1870 mg/kg Rat	4059 mg/kg Rabbit	72.6 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

## 12. Ecological Information

**Ecological Information:** Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

## 13. Disposal Information

**Disposal:** Do not incinerate closed containers. Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances.

## 14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

## 15. Regulatory Information

### U.S. Federal Regulations:

#### CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

#### SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

**Chemical Name**

2-Propanol

**CAS-No.**

67-63-0

**Toxic Substances Control Act**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

**U.S. State Regulations:****California Proposition 65****WARNING:**

No Prop. 65 warning is required.

**16. Other Information****HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2      Flammability: 3      Physical Hazard: 0      Personal Protection: X

**NFPA RATINGS**

Health: 2      Flammability: 3      Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 632 g/L

SDS REVISION DATE: 8/7/2024

REASON FOR REVISION: Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):  
05 - Fire-Fighting Measures  
14 - Transport Information  
Revision Statement(s) Changed

**Legend:** N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

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