Safety Data Sheet

RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION
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1. Identification

Product Name: STRUST +SSPR 6PK SEMIGL ANODIZED BRONZE

Revision Date: 02/12/2022

Name on Label: Stops Rust Semi-Gloss Protective Enamel Anodized Bronze

Supercedes Date: 11/11/2022

Product Identifier: 7754830

Product Use/Class: Topcoat/Aerosol

Supplier:
Rust-Oleum New Zealand
QB Studios - Office 7, 2 Morgan St
Newmarket, Auckland 1023
New Zealand
Ph: 0800 (78 78 65)

Website: www.rustoleum.co.nz
Email: technical@rustoleum.co.nz

Manufacturer:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

Poison Centre: **0800 764 766**

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product

Signal Word
Danger

Possible Hazards
33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT, Single Exposure, category 2	H371	May cause damage to organs.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sensitizer, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aerosol, Pressurized Container	H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO SMOKING.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P321	For specific treatment see label.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P410+P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C (122°F).
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-316-319-332
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	2.5-10	Not Available	H313
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H226-303-313-315-319-361-371-401
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-316-319-402
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-302-313-315-319
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-303-316-319-332-351-361-373-401
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07	H313-332
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H316-319-351

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS06-GHS08	H226-302-312-316-317-319-331-351-373-412
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	<0.1	Not Available	Not Available

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: None

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN -7°C (20°F). EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120°F (49°C). Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	NZ WEL TWA	NZ WEL STEL
Acetone	67-64-1	30.0	500 ppm	1000 ppm
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	800 ppm	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	10.0	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	50 ppm	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	150 ppm	200 ppm
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	40 ppm
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	0.1	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection:
a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece
b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges
c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	**Physical State:**	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	**Odor Threshold:**	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	0.788	**pH:**	N.D.
Freeze Point, °C:	ND	**Viscosity:**	N.D.
Solubility in Water:		**Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:**	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.		
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 537	**Explosive Limits, vol%:**	0.9 - 13.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	**Flash Point, °C:**	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	**Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:**	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	**Vapor Pressure:**	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.E.	N.E.	658 mg/L Rat
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.E.	30
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
5131-66-8	Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	1900 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	930 mg/kg Rat	1100 mg/kg Rabbit	>4.83 mg/L Rat

136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	N.E.	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

TOXICITY: The acute toxicity effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Algae	Daphnia/Aquatic	Fish
67-64-1	Acetone	N.E.	10294 - 17704 mg/L	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	N.E.	N.E.	>100 g/L
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	N.E.	N.E.	45 mg/L
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	N.E.	3.82 mg/L	13.4 mg/L
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	674.7 mg/L	N.E.	100 mg/L
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	4.6 mg/L	1.8 - 2.4 mg/L	11.0 - 18.0 mg/L
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.E.	6.14 mg/L	9.22 mg/L
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	83 mg/L	750 mg/L	777 - 914 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: The persistence and degradability of this product have not been tested.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Product/ingredient name	Octanol-water par. Coeff (log KOW)	Bio. Conc. Factor (BCF)
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Propane	1.09	N.I.
n-Butane	2.31	N.I.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	N.I.	61 - 159 dimensionless
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	2.77 - 3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless
n-Butyl Acetate	1.81	N.I.
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	1.2	N.I.
Ethylbenzene	3.6	15 dimensionless
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	0.65	2.5 - 5.8 dimensionless

MOBILITY IN SOIL: The mobility in soil of this product has not been tested.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This product has not been tested for other adverse ecological effects.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL: In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO) 1996.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional or local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	ADG
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2	2.1	2.1
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

ADG Hazchem Code: None

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

Rotterdam Convention

No Rotterdam Convention components exist in this product.

MARPOL

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
n-Nonane	111-84-2
Naphthalene	91-20-3

New Zealand Group Standard

This product is approved under Group Standard Number HSR002517

16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE: 02/12/2022

REASON FOR REVISION: Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend:
N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established
S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit
T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average
W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard
W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.