Г

Safety Data Sheet

AUSTRALIA

www.rustoleum.com.au

1. Identification			
Product Name:	SPECLT SSPR NAT 6PK 2X CAMO ARMY GREEN	Revision Date:	01/11/2023
Name on Label:	Specialty Camo Army Green	Supercedes Date:	New SDS
Product Identifier:	279176		
Product Use/Class:	Topcoat/Aerosols		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty. Ltd. Level 2, 307 Ferntree Gully Road Mount Waverley, Victoria 3149 Australia Ph 1 300 784 476	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

2. Hazard Identification

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good per the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. This product was assessed per Safe Work Australia criteria.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

32% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Pressurized Container; may burst if heated.	H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.	
Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs.	
STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS			
P210	Keep away fi smoking.	rom heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No	
P211	Do not spray	on an open flame or other ignition source.	
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.		
P260	Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.		
P264	Wash thorou	ghly after handling.	

- Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P280

P304+P340

P305+P351+P338

P317	Get medical help.
P319	Get medical help if you fell unwell.
P337+P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES **Chemical Name** CAS-No. Wt.% Range **GHS Symbols** GHS Statements 10-25 GHS02-GHS07 H225-319-332-336 67-64-1 Acetone 10-25 74-98-6 GHS04 H280 Propane 106-97-8 2.5-10 GHS04 H280 n-Butane n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4 2.5-10 GHS02-GHS07 H226-336 2.5-10 GHS08 H304 Hydrotreated Light Distillate 64742-47-8 Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light 64742-49-0 2.5-10 GHS07-GHS08 H304-315-319-372 Titanium Dioxide 2.5-10 13463-67-7 Not Available Not Available GHS02-GHS07-Xylenes (o-, m-, p- lsomers) 1330-20-7 2.5-10 H226-304-315-319-332-335 GHS08 Yellow Iron Oxide 51274-00-1 1.0-2.5 Not Available Not Available GHS02-GHS07-Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.1-1.0 H225-304-315-319-332-373 GHS08 GHS02-GHS07-Octane 111-65-9 0.1-1.0 H225-304-315-336 GHS08 GHS02-GHS07n-Heptane 142-82-5 0.1-1.0 H225-304-315-336 GHS08 **Mineral Spirits** 64742-88-7 0.1-1.0 GHS08 H304 Carbon Black 1333-86-4 0.1-1.0 GHS08 H373 Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic 64742-95-6 0.1-1.0 GHS07-GHS08 H304-315-319-332-372 Sulfonic Acids, petroleum, calcium salts, overbased 68783-96-0 0.1-1.0 GHS06 H315-330 Zirconium Acetate 5153-24-2 < 0.1 Not Available Not Available

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: None

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN -7°C (20°F). EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containersRemove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) container, even after use.

STORAGE: Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. **Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust:** No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	WHS WES TLV-TWA	WHS WES TLV-STEL
Acetone	67-64-1	25.0	250 ppm	500 ppm
Propane	74-98-6	25.0	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	50 ppm	150 ppm
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	10.0	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	10.0	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Yellow Iron Oxide	51274-00-1	5.0	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Octane	111-65-9	1.0	300 ppm	N.E.
n-Heptane	142-82-5	1.0	400 ppm	500 ppm
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Sulfonic Acids, petroleum, calcium salts, overbased	68783-96-0	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	0.1	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Date Printed: 01/11/2023

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection: a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece

b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges

c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	0.779	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	ND
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 537	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.9 - 13.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Keep from freezing.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in

Date Printed: 01/11/2023

laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

	•			
CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.E.	N.E.	658 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
111-65-9	Octane	N.E.	N.E.	>24.88 mg/L Rat
142-82-5	n-Heptane	N.E.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	>73.5 mg/L Rat
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	19748 mg/kg Rat	>4000 mg/kg Rabbit	4951 mg/L Rat
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	Ň.E.	N.Ĕ.
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
68783-96-0	Sulfonic Acids, petroleum, calcium salts, overbased	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>1.9 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

TOXICITY: The acute toxicity effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	<u>Algae</u>	Daphnia/Aquatic	<u>Fish</u>
67-64-1	Acetone	N.E.	10294 - 17704 mg/L	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	674.7 mg/L	N.E.	100 mg/L
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	N.E.	N.E.	45 mg/L
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	N.E.	N.E.	8.41 mg/L
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	N.E.	3.82 mg/L	13.4 mg/L
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	4.6 mg/L	1.8 - 2.4 mg/L	11.0 - 18.0 mg/L
111-65-9	Octane	N.E.	0.38 mg/Ľ	N.E.
142-82-5	n-Heptane	N.E.	N.E.	375.0 mg/L
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	450 mg/L	>100 mg/L	800 mg/L
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.E.	6.14 mg/L	9.22 mg/L
68783-96-0	Sulfonic Acids, petroleum, calcium salts, overbased	>1000 mg/L	>1000 mg/L	40 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: The persistence and degradability of this product have not been tested.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Product/ingredient name	Octanol-water par. Coeff (log KOW)	Bio. Conc. Factor (BCF)
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Propane	1.09	N.I.
n-Butane	2.31	N.I.
n-Butyl Acetate	1.81	N.I.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	N.I.	61 - 159 dimensionless
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	2.77 - 3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless
Ethylbenzene	3.6	15 dimensionless
Octane	5.18	N.I.
n-Heptane	4.66	N.I.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: The mobility in soil of this product has not been tested. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This product has not been tested for other adverse ecological effects.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not incinerate closed containers.

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2	2.1	2.1
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADG Hazchem Code:	None			

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention		
This product contains the following substances listed und	der the Stockholm Convention:	
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	
Rotterdam Convention		
This product contains the following substances listed unc	der the Rotterdam Convention:	
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	

118-74-1

Hexachlorobenzene

MARPOL

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Octane	111-65-9
n-Heptane	142-82-5
n-Nonane	111-84-2
Copper Compounds	7440-50-8
Naphthalene	91-20-3

SUSMP

This product contains the following substances classified as poisons as regulated by the Poisons Standard (SUSMP):

Chemical Name

Schedule Number(s)

Liquid Hydrocarbons

Schedule 5

Capital Territories Environmental Regulations

This product contains the following substances listed under the Australian Capital Territories Environmental Protection Regulation:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	Schedule	Schedule Name
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3	DOM - Organic Chemicals
Ethylbenzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Toluene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Benzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Copper Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Hexachlorobenzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics

16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE:

01/11/2023

No Information

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend:

N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established

S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit

T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average

W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard

W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.