Safety Data Sheet

AUSTRALIA

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1. Identification			
Product Name:	SPECLT +SSPR NAT 6PK 2X CAMO EARTH BROWN	Revision Date:	04/06/2024
Name on Label:	Spcialty 2X Camo Earth Brown	Supercedes Date:	New SDS
Product Identifier:	279178		
Product Use/Class:	Topcoat/Aerosols		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty. Ltd. Level 2, 307 Ferntree Gully Road Mount Waverley, Victoria 3149 Australia Ph 1 300 784 476	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

2. Hazard Identification

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good per the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. This product was assessed per Safe Work Australia criteria.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

32% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

Pressurized Container; may burst if heated.	H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
GHS Label Precautionary Statements		
P210	Keep away fr	rom heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray	on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce	e or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breath	ne dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroug	ghly after handling.
P280	Wear protect	ive gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P304+P340	IF INHALED:	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P317	Get medical help.
P319	Get medical help if you fell unwell.
P337+P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	GHS04	H280
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	GHS04	H280
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	2.5-10	GHS08	H304
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	2.5-10	GHS07-GHS08	H304-315-319-372
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-304-315-319-332-33 5
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H332
Pigment Red 101	1309-37-1	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H373
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-315-319-332-37 3
Octane	111-65-9	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-315-336
n-Heptane	142-82-5	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-315-336
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H304-315-319-332-372
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	<0.1	Not Available	Not Available

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: None

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN -7°C (20°F). EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containersRemove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) container, even after use.

Storage: Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. **Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust:** No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

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Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	WHS WES TLV-TWA	WHS WES TLV-STEL
Acetone	67-64-1	30.0	250 ppm	500 ppm
Propane	74-98-6	25.0	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	50 ppm	150 ppm
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	10.0	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	10.0	100 ppm	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Pigment Red 101	1309-37-1	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.
n-Heptane	142-82-5	1.0	400 ppm	500 ppm
Octane	111-65-9	1.0	300 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.Ê.	N.E.
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	0.1	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection:

a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece

b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges

c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

Skin Protection: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	0.763	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	ND
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	-37 - 537	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.9 - 13.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Faster than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon

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black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of crying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

The acute en	ne acute enects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below.			
CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.E.	N.E.	658 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
7727-43-7	Barium Sulfate	307000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.É.
1309-37-1	Pigment Red 101	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
111-65-9	Octane	N.E.	N.E.	>24.88 mg/L Rat
142-82-5	n-Heptane	N.E.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	>73.5 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

Toxicity: The acute toxicity effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

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<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Algae</u>	<u>Daphnia/Aquatic</u>	<u>Fish</u>
67-64-1	Acetone	N.E.	10294 - 17704 mg/L	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	674.7 mg/L	N.E.	100 mg/L
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	N.E.	N.E.	45 mg/L
64742-49-0	Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	N.E.	N.E.	8.41 mg/L
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	N.E.	3.82 mg/L	13.4 mg/L
1309-37-1	Pigment Red 101	N.E.	N.E.	100000 mg/L
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	4.6 mg/L	1.8 - 2.4 mg/L	11.0 - 18.0 mg/L
142-82-5	n-Heptane	N.E.	N.E.	375.0 mg/L
111-65-9	Octane	N.E.	0.38 mg/L	N.E.
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.E.	6.14 mg/L	9.22 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

Persistence and degradability: The persistence and degradability of this product have not been tested.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Product/ingredient name	Octanol-water par. Coeff (log KOW)	Bio. Conc. Factor (BCF)
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Propane	1.09	N.I.
n-Butane	2.31	N.I.
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n-Butyl Acetate 1.81 N	l.I.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate N.I. 61 - 159 dimensionle	SS
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) 2.77 - 3.15 0.6 - 15 dimensionle	SS
Ethylbenzene 3.6 15 dimensionle	SS
Octane 5.18 N	1.1.
n-Heptane 4.66	1.1.

Mobility in Soil: The mobility in soil of this product has not been tested.

Other adverse effects: This product has not been tested for other adverse ecological effects.

13. Disposal Information

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not incinerate closed containers.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2	2.1	2.1
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADG Hazchem Code:	None			

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

Rotterdam Convention

No Rotterdam Convention components exist in this product.

MARPOL

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Octane n-Heptane n-Nonane	111-65-9 142-82-5 111-84-2

SUSMP

This product contains the following substances classified as poisons as regulated by the Poisons Standard (SUSMP):

Chemical Name

Schedule Number(s)

Spcialty 2X Camo Earth Brown

Acetone	Schedule 5
Liquid Hydrocarbons	Schedule 5

Capital Territories Environmental Regulations

This product contains the following substances listed under the Australian Capital Territories Environmental Protection Regulation:

Chemical Name	Schedule	Schedule Name
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3	DOM - Organic Chemicals
Ethylbenzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Manganese	3	IRRIG - Inorganic Chemicals
Aluminum Flake	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Toluene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Chromium	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Nickel Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Benzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Arsenic Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Lead Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Cadmium Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals

16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE:

REASON FOR REVISION: No Information

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard

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W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.