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# Safety Data Sheet



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## 1. Identification

**Product Identifier:** 

Product Name: STRUST +SSPR 6PK FLAT WHT CLN MTL

PRIMER

Name on Label: Stops Rust Clean Metal Primer

7780830

Product Use/Class: Primer/Aerosols

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty.

Ltd.

Level 2, 307 Ferntree Gully Road Mount Waverley, Victoria 3149

Australia

Ph 1 300 784 476

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

**Revision Date:** 

Supercedes Date:

11/08/2021

26/03/2020

Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

#### 2. Hazard Identification

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good per the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. This product was assessed per Safe Work Australia criteria.

#### Classification

## Symbol(s) of Product





Signal Word Danger

#### Possible Hazards

40% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

#### **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Aerosol, category 1 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Gases under Pressure; Compressed Gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

#### **GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO

SMÖKINĞ.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

# 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

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#### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	10-25	GHS08	H304
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	GHS04	H280
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	GHS04	H280
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Acetone	67-64-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332-335
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H332
Zinc Phosphate	7779-90-0	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07	H225-315-319-332
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H304-315-319-332-372
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1-1.0	GHS05-GHS06- GHS08	H302-312-317-318-331-351

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

## 4. First-Aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: None

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

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#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

## 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

#### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	WHS WES TLV-TWA	WHS WES TLV-STEL
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	25.0	N.E.	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	15.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	5.0	50 ppm	150 ppm
Acetone	67-64-1	5.0	250 ppm	500 ppm
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Zinc Phosphate	7779-90-0	5.0	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	1.0	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	1.0	10 ppm	N.Ē.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection:

- a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece
- b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges
- c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

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**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Aerosolized Mist **Physical State:** Liquid Odor: Odor Threshold: Solvent Like N.E. Specific Gravity: 0.896 pH: N.A. Freeze Point, °C: Viscosity: N.D. N.D. Solubility in Water: Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ Slight N.D. water: Decomposition Temp.. °C: N.D. Boiling Range, °C: -37 - 537 Explosive Limits, vol%: 0.9 - 13.0Flammability: Flash Point, °C: Supports Combustion -96 **Evaporation Rate:** Auto-Ignition Temp., °C: Faster than Ether N.D. Vapor Density: Vapor Pressure: Heavier than Air N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

**Hazardous Decomposition:** By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## 11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** No Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which can cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline Silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain prismatic tremolite as an impurity, and sufficient exposure to respirable prismatic tremolite dust may cause serious lung problems. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact

## **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.Chemical NameOral LD50Dermal LD50Vapor LC5064742-47-8Hydrotreated Light Distillate>5000 mg/kg Rat>2000 mg/kg Rabbit>5000 mg/L Rat14807-96-6Hydrous Magnesium Silicate6000N.E.30

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106-97-8	n-Butane	N.E.	N.E.	658 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.E.
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
7727-43-7	Barium Sulfate	307000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
7779-90-0	Zinc Phosphate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	930 mg/kg Rat	1100 mg/kg Rabbit	>4.83 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

## 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

## 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Do not incinerate closed containers. This product as supplied is a USEPA defined ignitable hazardous waste. Dispose of unusable product as a hazardous waste (D001) in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation.

# 14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2	2.1	2.1
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADG Hazchem Code:	None			

# 15. Regulatory Information

#### **Montreal Protocol**

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

#### **Stockholm Convention**

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

#### **Rotterdam Convention**

No Rotterdam Convention components exist in this product.

## **MARPOL**

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:

**Chemical Name** 

CAS-No.

n-Nonane Naphthalene 111-84-2

91-20-3

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#### SUSMP

This product contains the following substances classified as poisons as regulated by the Poisons Standard (SUSMP):

<u>Chemical Name</u> Liquid Hydrocarbons Schedule Number(s)

Schedule 5

#### **Capital Territories Environmental Regulations**

This product contains the following substances listed under the Australian Capital Territories Environmental Protection Regulation:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Schedule</u>	Schedule Name
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3	DOM - Organic Chemicals
Ethylbenzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Chlorite Mineral	4	DOM - Disinfection By-products
Toluene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Benzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Cadmium Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals
Lead Compounds	3	AQUA - Inorganic Chemicals

## 16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE: 11/08/2021

REASON FOR REVISION: Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

03 - Composition / Information on Ingredients 08 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

11 - Toxicological Information15 - Regulatory Information16 - Other Information

Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Product Composition Changed Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend:

N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established

S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard

W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.