

Safety Data Sheet

RUST-OLEUM
AUSTRALIA

www.rustoleum.com.au

1. Identification

Product Name: MOTSPR 1L 12PK GMH FLAT BLACK **Revision Date:** 7/27/2020

Name on Label: GMH BLACK 1LT **Supersedes Date:** New SDS

Product Identifier: GMH1

Product Use/Class: A fast drying, low gloss nitrocellulose acrylic lacquer that provides good coverage and is ideally used for subframes, radiators, engine bays, differentials, tail shafts, interior panels and luggage areas.

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty. Ltd.
8 Lakeview Drive
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Australia
Ph 1 300 784 476

Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty. Ltd.
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Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

2. Hazard Identification

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good per the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. This product was assessed per Safe Work Australia criteria.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

47% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
Flammable Liquid, category 1	H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 1A	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Serious Eye Damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO SMOKING.

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P310	If exposed immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P321	For specific treatment see label.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol film forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand to extinguish.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients**HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Toluene	108-88-3	25-50	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-304-315-332-336-360-373
Hexane, 2-methyl-	591-76-4	10-25	GHS02-GHS07-GHS08	H225-304-315-336
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-335-336
Ethanol	64-17-5	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319
Acetone	67-64-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
sec-Butyl acetate	105-46-4	2.5-10	GHS02	H225
1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	108-65-6	2.5-10	GHS02	H226
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	2.5-10	GHS01	H201
Isobutanol	78-83-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS05-GHS06	H226-315-318-331-335-336
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332-335
2-Propanol	67-63-0	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-302-319-336
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H373
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H350
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07	H225-315-319-332
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	426260-76-6	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: .3YE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	WHS WES TLV-TWA	WHS WES TLV-STEL
Toluene	108-88-3	30.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Hexane, 2-methyl-	591-76-4	20.0	400 ppm	500 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	10.0	200 ppm	300 ppm
Ethanol	64-17-5	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm
Acetone	67-64-1	10.0	250 ppm	500 ppm

sec-Butyl acetate	105-46-4	10.0	50 ppm	150 ppm
1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	108-65-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	5.0	N.E.	N.E.
Isobutanol	78-83-1	5.0	50 ppm	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm
2-Propanol	67-63-0	5.0	200 ppm	400 ppm
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	1.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	N.E.
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	426260-76-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	0.842	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ water:	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	Explosive Limits, vol%:	N.A. - N.A.
Boiling Range, °C:	-18 - 178	Flash Point, °C:	-18
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Overexposure to methyl ethyl ketone in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney and lung damage. Fetotoxic/embryotoxic effects from inhalation have been seen in rats exposed to >1000ppm during gestation. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). May cause genetic defects.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
108-88-3	Toluene	2600 mg/kg Rat	12000 mg/kg Rabbit	12.5 mg/L Rat
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2483 mg/kg Rat	5000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
64-17-5	Ethanol	7060 mg/kg Rat	15,800 mg/kg Rabbit	30,000 mg/L Rat
67-64-1	Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
105-46-4	sec-Butyl acetate	3200 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
108-65-6	1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	8532 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
9004-70-0	Nitrocellulose	>5000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
78-83-1	Isobutanol	2460 mg/kg Rat	3400 mg/kg Rabbit	>6.5 mg/L Rat
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
67-63-0	2-Propanol	1870 mg/kg Rat	4059 mg/kg Rabbit	72.6 mg/L Rat
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
117-81-7	Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	30000 mg/kg Rat	25000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
426260-76-6	Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	5500 mg/kg	N.E.	N.E.

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Do not incinerate closed containers. Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances.

14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	1263	1263	1263	1263
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Hazard Class:	3	3	3	3
Packing Group:	II	II	II	II
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
ADG Hazchem Code:	.3YE			

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

Rotterdam Convention

No Rotterdam Convention components exist in this product.

MARPOL

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Hexane, 2-methyl-	591-76-4

SUSMP

This product contains the following substances classified as poisons as regulated by the Poisons Standard (SUSMP):

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Schedule Number(s)</u>
Liquid Hydrocarbons	Schedule 5

Capital Territories Environmental Regulations

This product contains the following substances listed under the Australian Capital Territories Environmental Protection Regulation:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Schedule Name</u>
Toluene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3	DOM - Organic Chemicals
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Ethylbenzene	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Chlorite Mineral	4	DOM - Disinfection By-products
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3	Non-pesticide Anthropogenic Organics
Formaldehyde	3	DOM - Disinfection By-products

16. Other Information**SDS REVISION DATE:** 7/27/2020**REASON FOR REVISION:** No Information**Legend:**

N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established

S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit

T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average

W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard

W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

