Safety Data Sheet

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1. Identification				
Product Name:	R-O 1GL 2PK IBU GARAGE CONCRETE PRIMER	Revision Date:	11/11/2022	
Name on Label:	Concrete & Garage Recoat Primer	Supercedes Date:	16/03/2022	
Product Identifier:	374278			
Product Use/Class:	Floor Coating Primer			
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum New Zealand QB Studios - Office 7, 2 Morgan St Newmarket, Auckland 1023 New Zealand Ph: 0800 (78 78 65) Website: www.rustoleum.co.nz Email: technical@rustoleum.co.nz	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	
Preparer:	Regulatory Department			
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961			
Poison Centre:	0800 764 766			
2. Hazard Identification				

Classification Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Warning

Possible Hazards

16% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATE P201		al instructions before use.
P280	Wear protect	ive gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed c	r concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked	up.
P501	Dispose of c	ontents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
1-Propanamine, 3-(Diethoxymethylsilyl)-	3179-76-8	0.1-1.0	Not Available	H313
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H316-319-351
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	25265-77-4	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H303-331-412
Secondary Alcohol Ethoxylate	84133-50-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS09	H303-316-319-410
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	0.1-1.0	Not Available	H227

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water. If feeling unwell, get medical attention. Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: Not Hazardous

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS TESTED TO BE GREATER THAN 200 DEGREES F. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	NZ WEL TWA	NZ WEL STEL
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	20.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.
1-Propanamine, 3-(Diethoxymethylsilyl)-	3179-76-8	1.0	N.Ē.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	25265-77-4	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Secondary Alcohol Ethoxylate	84133-50-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	1.0	100 ppm	150 ppm

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection: a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece

b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges

c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	1.278	pH:	8.6
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	100 - 537	Explosive Limits, vol%:	N.A N.A.
Flammability:	Does not Support Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	94
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid excess heat. Keep from freezing.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of exposure to dust from repeated sanding brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
3179-76-8	1-Propanamine, 3-(Diethoxymethylsilyl)-	N.E.	2324 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
25265-77-4	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	3200 mg/kg Rat	>15200 mg/kg Rat	>3.55 mg/L Rat
84133-50-6	Secondary Alcohol Ethoxylate	2100 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	5350 mg/kg Rat	9500 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product. **TOXICITY:** The acute toxicity effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:				
CAS-No.	Chemical Name	<u>Algae</u>	Daphnia/Aquatic	<u>Fish</u>
25265-77-4	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	18.4 mg/L	N.E.	30 mg/L
84133-50-6 34590-94-8	Secondary Álcohol Ethoxylate Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	N.E. N.E.	3.2 mg/L 1919 mg/L	3.2 mg/L >10000 mg/L
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N.E. - Not Established

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: The persistence and degradability of this product have not been tested.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Product/ingredient name	Octanol-water par. Coeff (log KOW)	Bio. Conc. Factor (BCF)
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	3.2	N.I.
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	0.35	N.I.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: The mobility in soil of this product has not been tested.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This product has not been tested for other adverse ecological effects.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL: In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO) 1996.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional or local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	No	No	No
ADG Hazchem Code:	Not Hazardous			

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

Rotterdam Convention

This product contains the following substances listed under the Rotterdam Convention:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8

MARPOL

This product contains the following substances listed under the MARPOL regulations:		
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	
Aqueous Ammonia	1336-21-6	

New Zealand Group Standard

This product is approved under Group Standard Number HSR002679

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16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE:

REASON FOR REVISION:

11/11/2022 Product Composition Changed

Legend:

N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard W.H.S. - Work Health and Sofety regulation

W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

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