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Safety Data Sheet



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1. Identification

INDHP 1-GL 2PK ROCEPOX 9100 GLS **Product Name:** BLACK

Revision Date:

Manufacturer:

07/06/2024

Name on Label:

9100 System DTM Epoxy Mastic Gloss Black Supercedes Date:

New SDS

USA

Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

Product Identifier:

9179402

Product Use/Class:

Topcoat/Epoxy Mastic

Supplier:

Rust-Oleum New Zealand QB Studios - Office 7, 2 Morgan St

Newmarket, Auckland 1023

New Zealand Ph: 0800 (78 78 65)

Website: www.rustoleum.co.nz Email: technical@rustoleum.co.nz

Preparer:

Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone:

24 Hour Hotline: 1-300-366-961

Poison Centre:

0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product









Signal Word Warning

Possible Hazards

43% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Flammable Liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chronic, category 2

Reproductive Toxicity, category 2 H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sensitizer, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT, Single Exposure, category 2 H371 May cause damage to organs. STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, RTI H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Date Printed: 07/06/2024 Page 2 / 7

GHS Label Precautionary Statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P203 Obtain, read, and follow all safety instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P308+P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P317 Get medical help.

P319 Get medical help if you fell unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see notice on this label).
P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P337+P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Extinguish using suitable extinguishing media.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

GHS SDS Precautionary Statements

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, or pouring equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	25068-38-6	25-50	GHS07-GHS08- GHS09	H317-319-335-373-411
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-315-319-361-371-37 3
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06	H225-319-331
Phenol, Methylstyrenated	PROPRIET ARY	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available

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Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 1.0-2.5 GHS02-GHS07- H225-319-332-351-361-37 GHS08 3

Carbon Black 1333-86-4 0.1-1.0 GHS07-GHS08 H319-351

The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.

4. First-Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing and decontaminate footwear before reuse.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. If swallowed, get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: .3Y

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Combustible liquid and vapor.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Containers can rupture and release highly toxic material if exposed to heat. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: Avoid runoff into sewers and waterways. Provide ventilation and approach spill from upwind using proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Ground and bond containers when transferring material from one vessel to another. Vapor can be ignited by static discharge. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

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8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	NZ WEL TWA	NZ WEL STEL
Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	25068-38-6	50.0	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	25.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	50 ppm	N.E.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	10.0	50 ppm	75 ppm
Phenol, Methylstyrenated	PROPRIETARY	5.0	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	40 ppm
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.É.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: Wear an approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. A respiratory protection program that meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. An approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister according to AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Users of this product in industrial/OEM applications must use one of the following forms of respiratory protection:

- a. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant supplied-air respirator operated in pressure demand or continuous flow mode and equipped with a tight fitting facepiece
- b. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepiece and organic gas/vapor cartridges
- c. AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 compliant powered air-purifying respirator equipped with a full facepeice and organic gas/vapor cartridges.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	1.280	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Negligible	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	117 - 537	Explosive Limits, vol%:	1.2 - 8.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	27
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid contact with metals. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc, and galvanized surfaces.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

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Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions. May form peroxides of unknown stability.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye burns. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Substance causes severe eye irritation. Injury may be permanent. High vapor concentrations can irritate eyes, nose and respiratory passages.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Substance is corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin and cause a skin rash (dermatitis). Severely irritating; may cause permanent skin damage.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems. Routine handling and application does not require use of respiratory protection; however, if air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist, or dust levels above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (meets AS/NZS 1715-2009 and AS/NZS 1716-2012 requirements) during handling and application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: May damage fertility or the unborn child. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause genetic defects.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	Vapor LC50
Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	11400 mg/kg Rat	>5000	25 g/L
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.E.	30
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	2080 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
	Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin Hydrous Magnesium Silicate Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Ethylbenzene	Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin Hydrous Magnesium Silicate Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Ethylbenzene 11400 mg/kg Rat 6000 3500 mg/kg Rat 2080 mg/kg Rat 3500 mg/kg Rat	Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin Hydrous Magnesium Silicate Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin H1400 mg/kg Rat 6000 N.E. 3500 mg/kg Rat 2080 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg Rabbit Ethylbenzene 3500 mg/kg Rat 15400 mg/kg Rabbit

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

Toxicity: The acute toxicity effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	<u>Algae</u>	Daphnia/Aquatic	<u>Fish</u>
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	N.E.	N.E.	>100 g/L
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	N.E.	3.82 mg/L	13.4 mg/L

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 108-10-1
 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone
 400 mg/L
 170 mg/L
 496 - 514 mg/L

 100-41-4
 Ethylbenzene
 4.6 mg/L
 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L
 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

Persistence and degradability: The persistence and degradability of this product have not been tested.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Product/ingredient name	Octanol-water par. Coeff (log KOW)	Bio. Conc. Factor (BCF)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	2.77 - 3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.9	N.I.
Ethylbenzene	3.6	15 dimensionless

Mobility in Soil: The mobility in soil of this product has not been tested.

Other adverse effects: This product has not been tested for other adverse ecological effects.

13. Disposal Information

Disposal: In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO) 1996.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional or local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport	Information
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	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	1263
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	3
Packing Group:	N.A.	III	III	III
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADG Hazchem Code:	.3Y			

15. Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

Stockholm Convention

No Stockholm Convention components exist in this product.

Rotterdam Convention

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No Rotterdam Convention components exist in this product.

MARPOL

No substances listed under the MARPOL regulations exist in this product.

New Zealand Group Standard

This product is approved under Group Standard Number HSR002669

16. Other Information

SDS REVISION DATE: 07/06/2024
REASON FOR REVISION: No Information

Legend:

N.A. - Not Applicable N.D. - Not Determined N.E. - Not Established

S.T.E.L. - Short Term Exposure Limit

T.W.A. - Time Weighted Average

W.E.S. - Workplace Exposure Standard

W.H.S. - Work Health and Safety regulation

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.